CLAIMS:

- 1. An optical recording medium comprising a substrate and a recording layer in which data can be recorded by projecting a laser beam thereonto, the recording layer including a first recording film containing an element selected from the group consisting of Si, Ge, C, Sn, Au, Zn and Cu as a primary component and a second recording film containing Ti as a primary component.
- 2. An optical recording medium in accordance with Claim 1, wherein the second recording film contains Al as an additive.
 - 3. An optical recording medium in accordance with Claim 2, wherein the second recording film contains Al as an additive in an amount equal to or more than 25 atomic % and less than 50 atomic %.

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- 4. An optical recording medium in accordance with Claim 1, which further comprises a first dielectric layer and a second dielectric layer on opposite sides of the recording layer.
- 5. An optical recording medium in accordance with Claim 2, which further comprises a first dielectric layer and a second dielectric layer on opposite sides of the recording layer.
- 6. An optical recording medium in accordance with Claim 3, which further comprises a first dielectric layer and a second dielectric layer on opposite sides of the recording layer.
 - 7. An optical recording medium in accordance with Claim 1, which

further comprises a light transmission layer having a thickness of 10 to 300 µm on the opposite side to the substrate with respect to the recording layer and one surface of the light transmission layer constitutes a light incidence plane through which the laser beam enters the optical recording medium.

- 8. An optical recording medium in accordance with Claim 2, which further comprises a light transmission layer having a thickness of 10 to 300 µm on the opposite side to the substrate with respect to the recording layer and one surface of the light transmission layer constitutes a light incidence plane through which the laser beam enters the optical recording medium.
- 9. An optical recording medium in accordance with Claim 3, which further comprises a light transmission layer having a thickness of 10 to 300 µm on the opposite side to the substrate with respect to the recording layer and one surface of the light transmission layer constitutes a light incidence plane through which the laser beam enters the optical recording medium.

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- 10. An optical recording medium in accordance with Claim 4, which further comprises a light transmission layer having a thickness of 10 to 300 µm on the opposite side to the substrate with respect to the recording layer and one surface of the light transmission layer constitutes a light incidence plane through which the laser beam enters the optical recording medium.
- 11. An optical recording medium in accordance with Claim 5, which

further comprises a light transmission layer having a thickness of 10 to 300 µm on the opposite side to the substrate with respect to the recording layer and one surface of the light transmission layer constitutes a light incidence plane through which the laser beam enters the optical recording medium.

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- 12. An optical recording medium in accordance with Claim 6, which further comprises a light transmission layer having a thickness of 10 to 300 µm on the opposite side to the substrate with respect to the recording layer and one surface of the light transmission layer constitutes a light incidence plane through which the laser beam enters the optical recording medium.
- 13. An optical recording medium comprising a substrate and a plurality of information recording layers in which data can be recorded by projecting a laser beam thereonto, at least one information recording layer other than a information recording layer farthest from a light incidence plane through which a laser beam enters including a first recording film containing an element selected from the group consisting of Si, Ge, C, Sn, Au, Zn and Cu as a primary component and a second recording film containing Ti as a primary component.
 - 14. An optical recording medium in accordance with Claim 13, wherein the second recording film contains Al as an additive.
 - 15. An optical recording medium in accordance with Claim 14, wherein the second recording film contains Al as an additive in an amount equal to or more than 25 atomic % and less than 50 atomic %.

16. An optical recording medium in accordance with Claim 13, which further comprises a first dielectric layer and a second dielectric layer on opposite sides of the at least one recording layer.

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- 17. An optical recording medium in accordance with Claim 14, which further comprises a first dielectric layer and a second dielectric layer on opposite sides of the at least one recording layer.
- 10 18. An optical recording medium in accordance with Claim 15, which further comprises a first dielectric layer and a second dielectric layer on opposite sides of the at least one recording layer.
- 19. An optical recording medium in accordance with Claim 13, which further comprises a light transmission layer having a thickness of 10 to 300 µm on the opposite side to the substrate with respect to the plurality of recording layers and one surface of the light transmission layer constitutes a light incidence plane through which the laser beam enters the optical recording medium.

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- 20. An optical recording medium in accordance with Claim 14, which further comprises a light transmission layer having a thickness of 10 to 300 µm on the opposite side to the substrate with respect to the plurality of recording layers and one surface of the light transmission layer constitutes a light incidence plane through which the laser beam enters the optical recording medium.
- 21. An optical recording medium in accordance with Claim 15, which

further comprises a light transmission layer having a thickness of 10 to 300 µm on the opposite side to the substrate with respect to the plurality of recording layers and one surface of the light transmission layer constitutes a light incidence plane through which the laser beam enters the optical recording medium.

- 22. An optical recording medium in accordance with Claim 16, which further comprises a light transmission layer having a thickness of 10 to 300 µm on the opposite side to the substrate with respect to the plurality of recording layers and one surface of the light transmission layer constitutes a light incidence plane through which the laser beam enters the optical recording medium.
- 23. An optical recording medium in accordance with Claim 17, which further comprises a light transmission layer having a thickness of 10 to 300 µm on the opposite side to the substrate with respect to the plurality of recording layers and one surface of the light transmission layer constitutes a light incidence plane through which the laser beam enters the optical recording medium.

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24. An optical recording medium in accordance with Claim 18, which further comprises a light transmission layer having a thickness of 10 to 300 µm on the opposite side to the substrate with respect to the plurality of recording layers and one surface of the light transmission layer constitutes a light incidence plane through which the laser beam enters the optical recording medium.